

Calendar No. 390

103^D CONGRESS
2^D SESSION

S. CON. RES. 63

[Report No. 103-238]

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for the fiscal years 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998, and 1999.

MARCH 18, 1994

Ordered to be placed on the calendar

Calendar No. 390103^D CONGRESS
2^D SESSION**S. CON. RES. 63****[Report No. 103-238]**

Setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government
for the fiscal years 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998, and 1999.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

MARCH 18, 1994

Mr. SASSER, from the Committee on the Budget, reported under authority of
the order of the Senate of March 17, legislative day February 22, 1994,
the following original concurrent resolution; which was placed on the
calendar

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Setting forth the congressional budget for the United States
Government for the fiscal years 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998,
and 1999.

1 *Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives*
2 *concurring),*

3 **SECTION 1. CONCURRENT RESOLUTION ON THE BUDGET**

4 **FOR FISCAL YEAR 1995.**

5 (a) DECLARATION.—The Congress determines and
6 declares that this resolution is the concurrent resolution

1 on the budget for fiscal year 1995, including the appro-
 2 priate budgetary levels for fiscal years 1996, 1997, 1998,
 3 and 1999, as required by section 301 of the Congressional
 4 Budget Act of 1974.

5 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for
 6 this concurrent resolution is as follows:

Sec. 1. Concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 1995.

TITLE I—LEVELS AND AMOUNTS

- Sec. 2. Recommended levels and amounts.
- Sec. 3. Debt increase as a measure of deficit.
- Sec. 4. Display of Federal Retirement Trust Fund balances.
- Sec. 5. Social Security.
- Sec. 6. Major functional categories.

TITLE II—BUDGETARY PROCEDURES

- Sec. 21. Sale of Government assets.
- Sec. 22. Social security fire wall point of order in the Senate.
- Sec. 23. Enforcing pay-as-you-go.
- Sec. 24. Deficit-neutral reserve fund in the Senate.
- Sec. 25. Enforcement procedures.
- Sec. 26. Exercise of rule-making powers.

TITLE III—SENSE OF CONGRESS PROVISIONS

- Sec. 31. Sense of the Congress regarding the budgetary accounting of health care reform.
- Sec. 32. Sense of the Congress on the costs of illegal immigration.
- Sec. 33. Sense of the Congress regarding baselines.
- Sec. 34. Sense of the Congress on economic assumptions.
- Sec. 35. Sense of the Congress regarding unfunded Federal mandates.

7 **TITLE I—LEVELS AND AMOUNTS**

8 **SEC. 2. RECOMMENDED LEVELS AND AMOUNTS.**

9 The following budgetary levels are appropriate for the
 10 fiscal years 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998, and 1999:

11 (1) FEDERAL REVENUES.—(A) For purposes of
 12 comparison with the maximum deficit amount under
 13 sections 601(a)(1) and 606 of the Congressional

1 Budget Act of 1974 and for purposes of the enforce-
2 ment of this resolution—

3 (i) The recommended levels of Federal rev-
4 enues are as follows:

5 Fiscal year 1995: \$977,700,000,000.

6 Fiscal year 1996: \$1,031,200,000,000.

7 Fiscal year 1997: \$1,079,700,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 1998: \$1,136,400,000,000.

9 Fiscal year 1999: \$1,190,200,000,000.

10 (ii) The amounts by which the aggregate
11 levels of Federal revenues should be increased
12 are as follows:

13 Fiscal year 1995: \$0.

14 Fiscal year 1996: \$0.

15 Fiscal year 1997: \$0.

16 Fiscal year 1998: \$0.

17 Fiscal year 1999: \$0.

18 (iii) The amounts for Federal Insurance
19 Contributions Act revenues for hospital insur-
20 ance within the recommended levels of Federal
21 revenues are as follows:

22 Fiscal year 1995: \$100,300,000,000.

23 Fiscal year 1996: \$106,300,000,000.

24 Fiscal year 1997: \$111,900,000,000.

25 Fiscal year 1998: \$117,830,000,000.

1 Fiscal year 1999: \$123,700,000,000.

2 (B) For purposes of section 710 of the Social
3 Security Act (excluding the receipts and disburse-
4 ments of the Hospital Insurance Trust Fund)—

5 (i) The recommended levels of Federal rev-
6 enues are as follows:

7 Fiscal year 1995: \$877,500,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 1996: \$924,800,000,000.

9 Fiscal year 1997: \$967,800,000,000.

10 Fiscal year 1998: \$1,018,600,000,000.

11 Fiscal year 1999: \$1,066,500,000,000.

12 (ii) The amounts by which the aggregate
13 levels of Federal revenues should be increased
14 are as follows:

15 Fiscal year 1995: \$0.

16 Fiscal year 1996: \$0.

17 Fiscal year 1997: \$0.

18 Fiscal year 1998: \$0.

19 Fiscal year 1999: \$0.

20 (2) NEW BUDGET AUTHORITY.—(A) For pur-
21 poses of comparison with the maximum deficit
22 amount under sections 601(a)(1) and 606 of the
23 Congressional Budget Act of 1974 and for purposes
24 of the enforcement of this resolution, the appropriate
25 levels of total new budget authority are as follows:

1 Fiscal year 1995: \$1,242,400,000,000.

2 Fiscal year 1996: \$1,303,500,000,000.

3 Fiscal year 1997: \$1,368,600,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 1998: \$1,437,900,000,000.

5 Fiscal year 1999: \$1,509,600,000,000.

6 (B) For purposes of section 710 of the Social
7 Security Act (excluding the receipts and disburse-
8 ments of the Hospital Insurance Trust Fund), the
9 appropriate levels of total new budget authority are
10 as follows:

11 Fiscal year 1995: \$1,149,200,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 1996: \$1,202,300,000,000.

13 Fiscal year 1997: \$1,257,000,000,000.

14 Fiscal year 1998: \$1,315,000,000,000.

15 Fiscal year 1999: \$1,372,300,000,000.

16 (3) BUDGET OUTLAYS.—(A) For purposes of
17 comparison with the maximum deficit amount under
18 sections 601(a)(1) and 606 of the Congressional
19 Budget Act of 1974 and for purposes of the enforce-
20 ment of this resolution, the appropriate levels of
21 total budget outlays are as follows:

22 Fiscal year 1995: \$1,216,300,000,000.

23 Fiscal year 1996: \$1,283,200,000,000.

24 Fiscal year 1997: \$1,352,500,000,000.

25 Fiscal year 1998: \$1,412,000,000,000.

1 Fiscal year 1999: \$1,485,100,000,000.

2 (B) For purposes of section 710 of the Social
3 Security Act (excluding the receipts and disburse-
4 ments of the Hospital Insurance Trust Fund), the
5 appropriate levels of total budget outlays are as
6 follows:

7 Fiscal year 1995: \$1,124,000,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 1996: \$1,183,200,000,000.

9 Fiscal year 1997: \$1,241,900,000,000.

10 Fiscal year 1998: \$1,290,700,000,000.

11 Fiscal year 1999: \$1,349,600,000,000.

12 (4) DEFICITS.—(A) For purposes of compari-
13 son with the maximum deficit amount under sections
14 601(a)(1) and 606 of the Congressional Budget Act
15 of 1974 and for purposes of the enforcement of this
16 resolution, the amounts of the deficits are as follows:

17 Fiscal year 1995: \$238,600,000,000.

18 Fiscal year 1996: \$252,000,000,000.

19 Fiscal year 1997: \$272,800,000,000.

20 Fiscal year 1998: \$275,600,000,000.

21 Fiscal year 1999: \$294,900,000,000.

22 (B) For purposes of section 710 of the Social
23 Security Act (excluding the receipts and disburse-
24 ments of the Hospital Insurance Trust Fund), the
25 amounts of the deficits are as follows:

1 Fiscal year 1995: \$246,600,000,000.

2 Fiscal year 1996: \$258,300,000,000.

3 Fiscal year 1997: \$274,100,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 1998: \$272,100,000,000.

5 Fiscal year 1999: \$283,100,000,000.

6 (5) PUBLIC DEBT.—The appropriate levels of
7 the public debt are as follows:

8 Fiscal year 1995: \$4,963,600,000,000.

9 Fiscal year 1996: \$5,278,800,000,000.

10 Fiscal year 1997: \$5,611,200,000,000.

11 Fiscal year 1998: \$5,945,400,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 1999: \$6,289,700,000,000.

13 (6) DIRECT LOAN OBLIGATIONS.—The appro-
14 priate levels of total new direct loan obligations are
15 as follows:

16 Fiscal year 1995: \$26,700,000,000.

17 Fiscal year 1996: \$32,100,000,000.

18 Fiscal year 1997: \$33,800,000,000.

19 Fiscal year 1998: \$35,700,000,000.

20 Fiscal year 1999: \$37,800,000,000.

21 (7) PRIMARY LOAN GUARANTEE COMMIT-
22 MENTS.—The appropriate levels of new primary loan
23 guarantee commitments are as follows:

24 Fiscal year 1995: \$199,700,000,000.

25 Fiscal year 1996: \$174,400,000,000.

1 Fiscal year 1997: \$164,600,000,000.

2 Fiscal year 1998: \$164,100,000,000.

3 Fiscal year 1999: \$163,500,000,000.

4 **SEC. 3. DEBT INCREASE AS A MEASURE OF DEFICIT.**

5 The amounts of the increase in the public debt sub-
6 ject to limitation are as follows:

7 Fiscal year 1995: \$306,700,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 1996: \$315,200,000,000.

9 Fiscal year 1997: \$332,400,000,000.

10 Fiscal year 1998: \$334,200,000,000.

11 Fiscal year 1999: \$344,200,000,000.

12 **SEC. 4. DISPLAY OF FEDERAL RETIREMENT TRUST FUND**

13 **BALANCES.**

14 The balances of the Federal retirement trust funds
15 are as follows:

16 Fiscal year 1995: \$1,161,100,000,000.

17 Fiscal year 1996: \$1,275,200,000,000.

18 Fiscal year 1997: \$1,396,900,000,000.

19 Fiscal year 1998: \$1,524,200,000,000.

20 Fiscal year 1999: \$1,651,300,000,000.

21 **SEC. 5. SOCIAL SECURITY.**

22 (a) SOCIAL SECURITY REVENUES.—For purposes of
23 Senate enforcement under sections 302 and 311 of the
24 Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the amounts of reve-
25 nues of the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance

1 Trust Fund and the Federal Disability Insurance Trust
2 Fund are as follows:

3 Fiscal year 1995: \$360,500,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 1996: \$379,600,000,000.

5 Fiscal year 1997: \$399,000,000,000.

6 Fiscal year 1998: \$419,500,000,000.

7 Fiscal year 1999: \$439,800,000,000.

8 (b) SOCIAL SECURITY OUTLAYS.—For purposes of
9 Senate enforcement under sections 302 and 311 of the
10 Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the amounts of outlays
11 of the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust
12 Fund and the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund
13 are as follows:

14 Fiscal year 1995: \$287,600,000,000.

15 Fiscal year 1996: \$301,300,000,000.

16 Fiscal year 1997: \$312,300,000,000.

17 Fiscal year 1998: \$324,400,000,000.

18 Fiscal year 1999: \$337,000,000,000.

19 **SEC. 6. MAJOR FUNCTIONAL CATEGORIES.**

20 The Congress determines and declares that the ap-
21 propriate levels of new budget authority, budget outlays,
22 new direct loan obligations, and new primary loan guaran-
23 tee commitments for fiscal years 1995 through 1999 for
24 each major functional category are:

25 (1) National Defense (050):

1 Fiscal year 1995:

2 (A) New budget authority,
3 \$263,800,000,000.

4 (B) Outlays, \$270,700,000,000.

5 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

6 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
7 mitments, \$0.

8 Fiscal year 1996:

9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$255,300,000,000.

11 (B) Outlays, \$261,000,000,000.

12 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

13 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
14 mitments, \$0.

15 Fiscal year 1997:

16 (A) New budget authority,
17 \$252,000,000,000.

18 (B) Outlays, \$256,400,000,000.

19 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

20 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
21 mitments, \$0.

22 Fiscal year 1998:

23 (A) New budget authority,
24 \$258,700,000,000.

25 (B) Outlays, \$256,600,000,000.

1 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

2 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
3 mitments, \$0.

4 Fiscal year 1999:

5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$265,100,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, \$257,600,000,000.

8 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

9 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
10 mitments, \$0.

11 (2) International Affairs (150):

12 Fiscal year 1995:

13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$19,300,000,000.

15 (B) Outlays, \$18,100,000,000.

16 (C) New direct loan obligations,
17 \$3,200,000,000.

18 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
19 mitments, \$18,000,000,000.

20 Fiscal year 1996:

21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$17,200,000,000.

23 (B) Outlays, \$17,300,000,000.

24 (C) New direct loan obligations,
25 \$2,800,000,000.

1 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
2 mitments, \$18,500,000,000.

3 Fiscal year 1997:

4 (A) New budget authority,
5 \$17,000,000,000.

6 (B) Outlays, \$17,300,000,000.

7 (C) New direct loan obligations,
8 \$2,600,000,000.

9 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
10 mitments, \$18,500,000,000.

11 Fiscal year 1998:

12 (A) New budget authority,
13 \$16,800,000,000.

14 (B) Outlays, \$17,600,000,000.

15 (C) New direct loan obligations,
16 \$2,400,000,000.

17 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
18 mitments, \$18,500,000,000.

19 Fiscal year 1999:

20 (A) New budget authority,
21 \$17,000,000,000.

22 (B) Outlays, \$17,500,000,000.

23 (C) New direct loan obligations,
24 \$2,400,000,000.

1 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
2 mitments, \$16,500,000,000.

3 (3) General Science, Space, and Technology
4 (250):

5 Fiscal year 1995:

6 (A) New budget authority,
7 \$17,300,000,000.

8 (B) Outlays, \$17,200,000,000.

9 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

10 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
11 mitments, \$0.

12 Fiscal year 1996:

13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$17,200,000,000.

15 (B) Outlays, \$17,200,000,000.

16 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

17 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
18 mitments, \$0.

19 Fiscal year 1997:

20 (A) New budget authority,
21 \$17,300,000,000.

22 (B) Outlays, \$17,300,000,000.

23 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

24 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
25 mitments, \$0.

1 Fiscal year 1998:

2 (A) New budget authority,
3 \$17,400,000,000.

4 (B) Outlays, \$17,300,000,000.

5 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

6 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
7 mitments, \$0.

8 Fiscal year 1999:

9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$17,600,000,000.

11 (B) Outlays, \$17,500,000,000.

12 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

13 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
14 mitments, \$0.

15 (4) Energy (270):

16 Fiscal year 1995:

17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$6,300,000,000.

19 (B) Outlays, \$5,000,000,000.

20 (C) New direct loan obligations,
21 \$1,400,000,000.

22 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
23 mitments, \$0.

24 Fiscal year 1996:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$5,900,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$5,200,000,000.

4 (C) New direct loan obligations,
5 \$1,500,000,000.

6 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
7 mitments, \$0.

8 Fiscal year 1997:

9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$5,900,000,000.

11 (B) Outlays, \$5,000,000,000.

12 (C) New direct loan obligations,
13 \$1,500,000,000.

14 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
15 mitments, \$0.

16 Fiscal year 1998:

17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$6,100,000,000.

19 (B) Outlays, \$4,700,000,000.

20 (C) New direct loan obligations,
21 \$1,500,000,000.

22 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
23 mitments, \$0.

24 Fiscal year 1999:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$5,700,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$4,400,000,000.

4 (C) New direct loan obligations,
5 \$1,500,000,000.

6 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
7 mitments, \$0.

8 (5) Natural Resources and Environment (300):
9 Fiscal year 1995:

10 (A) New budget authority,
11 \$21,700,000,000.

12 (B) Outlays, \$21,300,000,000.

13 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

14 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
15 mitments, \$0.

16 Fiscal year 1996:

17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$22,200,000,000.

19 (B) Outlays, \$21,500,000,000.

20 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

21 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
22 mitments, \$0.

23 Fiscal year 1997:

24 (A) New budget authority,
25 \$22,100,000,000.

1 (B) Outlays, \$21,600,000,000.

2 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

3 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
4 mitments, \$0.

5 Fiscal year 1998:

6 (A) New budget authority,
7 \$22,000,000,000.

8 (B) Outlays, \$21,500,000,000.

9 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

10 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
11 mitments, \$0.

12 Fiscal year 1999:

13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$21,600,000,000.

15 (B) Outlays, \$21,400,000,000.

16 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

17 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
18 mitments, \$0.

19 (6) Agriculture (350):

20 Fiscal year 1995:

21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$12,300,000,000.

23 (B) Outlays, \$11,600,000,000.

24 (C) New direct loan obligations,
25 \$10,100,000,000.

1 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
2 mitments, \$7,400,000,000.

3 Fiscal year 1996:

4 (A) New budget authority,
5 \$12,500,000,000.

6 (B) Outlays, \$11,400,000,000.

7 (C) New direct loan obligations,
8 \$9,700,000,000.

9 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
10 mitments, \$7,400,000,000.

11 Fiscal year 1997:

12 (A) New budget authority,
13 \$13,000,000,000.

14 (B) Outlays, \$11,700,000,000.

15 (C) New direct loan obligations,
16 \$9,700,000,000.

17 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
18 mitments, \$7,400,000,000.

19 Fiscal year 1998:

20 (A) New budget authority,
21 \$13,200,000,000.

22 (B) Outlays, \$12,000,000,000.

23 (C) New direct loan obligations,
24 \$9,800,000,000.

1 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
2 mitments, \$7,400,000,000.

3 Fiscal year 1999:

4 (A) New budget authority,
5 \$13,700,000,000.

6 (B) Outlays, \$12,500,000,000.

7 (C) New direct loan obligations,
8 \$9,900,000,000.

9 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
10 mitments, \$7,400,000,000.

11 (7) Commerce and Housing Credit (370):

12 Fiscal year 1995:

13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$7,700,000,000.

15 (B) Outlays, – \$8,300,000,000.

16 (C) New direct loan obligations,
17 \$2,800,000,000.

18 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
19 mitments, \$117,900,000,000.

20 Fiscal year 1996:

21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$5,300,000,000.

23 (B) Outlays, – \$10,800,000,000.

24 (C) New direct loan obligations,
25 \$3,000,000,000.

1 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
2 mitments, \$103,200,000,000.

3 Fiscal year 1997:

4 (A) New budget authority,
5 \$5,100,000,000.

6 (B) Outlays, – \$3,400,000,000.

7 (C) New direct loan obligations,
8 \$3,100,000,000.

9 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
10 mitments, \$95,900,000,000.

11 Fiscal year 1998:

12 (A) New budget authority,
13 \$5,200,000,000.

14 (B) Outlays, – \$2,900,000,000.

15 (C) New direct loan obligations,
16 \$3,200,000,000.

17 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
18 mitments, \$96,600,000,000.

19 Fiscal year 1999:

20 (A) New budget authority,
21 \$6,200,000,000.

22 (B) Outlays, – \$900,000,000.

23 (C) New direct loan obligations,
24 \$3,400,000,000.

1 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
2 mitments, \$99,500,000,000.

3 (8) Transportation (400):

4 Fiscal year 1995:

5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$42,900,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, \$38,800,000,000.

8 (C) New direct loan obligations,
9 \$100,000,000.

10 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
11 mitments, \$500,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 1996:

13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$41,800,000,000.

15 (B) Outlays, \$39,600,000,000.

16 (C) New direct loan obligations,
17 \$100,000,000.

18 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
19 mitments, \$0.

20 Fiscal year 1997:

21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$43,200,000,000.

23 (B) Outlays, \$40,100,000,000.

24 (C) New direct loan obligations,
25 \$100,000,000.

1 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
2 mitments, \$0.

3 Fiscal year 1998:

4 (A) New budget authority,
5 \$44,000,000,000.

6 (B) Outlays, \$40,300,000,000.

7 (C) New direct loan obligations,
8 \$100,000,000.

9 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
10 mitments, \$0.

11 Fiscal year 1999:

12 (A) New budget authority,
13 \$44,600,000,000.

14 (B) Outlays, \$40,500,000,000.

15 (C) New direct loan obligations,
16 \$100,000,000.

17 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
18 mitments, \$0.

19 (9) Community and Regional Development
20 (450):

21 Fiscal year 1995:

22 (A) New budget authority,
23 \$9,500,000,000.

24 (B) Outlays, \$9,300,000,000.

1 (C) New direct loan obligations,
2 \$2,200,000,000.

3 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
4 mitments, \$3,600,000,000.

5 Fiscal year 1996:

6 (A) New budget authority,
7 \$9,000,000,000.

8 (B) Outlays, \$8,900,000,000.

9 (C) New direct loan obligations,
10 \$2,200,000,000.

11 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
12 mitments, \$3,600,000,000.

13 Fiscal year 1997:

14 (A) New budget authority,
15 \$9,000,000,000.

16 (B) Outlays, \$9,000,000,000.

17 (C) New direct loan obligations,
18 \$2,200,000,000.

19 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
20 mitments, \$3,600,000,000.

21 Fiscal year 1998:

22 (A) New budget authority,
23 \$9,000,000,000.

24 (B) Outlays, \$9,100,000,000.

1 (C) New direct loan obligations,
2 \$2,200,000,000.

3 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
4 mitments, \$3,600,000,000.

5 Fiscal year 1999:

6 (A) New budget authority,
7 \$9,000,000,000.

8 (B) Outlays, \$9,000,000,000.

9 (C) New direct loan obligations,
10 \$2,200,000,000.

11 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
12 mitments, \$3,600,000,000.

13 (10) Education, Training, Employment, and
14 Social Services (500):

15 Fiscal year 1995:

16 (A) New budget authority,
17 \$57,600,000,000.

18 (B) Outlays, \$53,600,000,000.

19 (C) New direct loan obligations,
20 \$5,500,000,000.

21 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
22 mitments, \$19,000,000,000.

23 Fiscal year 1996:

24 (A) New budget authority,
25 \$58,200,000,000.

1 (B) Outlays, \$55,500,000,000.

2 (C) New direct loan obligations,
3 \$11,500,000,000.

4 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
5 mitments, \$14,000,000,000.

6 Fiscal year 1997:

7 (A) New budget authority,
8 \$59,900,000,000.

9 (B) Outlays, \$58,100,000,000.

10 (C) New direct loan obligations,
11 \$13,200,000,000.

12 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
13 mitments, \$13,200,000,000.

14 Fiscal year 1998:

15 (A) New budget authority,
16 \$61,700,000,000.

17 (B) Outlays, \$60,600,000,000.

18 (C) New direct loan obligations,
19 \$15,100,000,000.

20 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
21 mitments, \$12,300,000,000.

22 Fiscal year 1999:

23 (A) New budget authority,
24 \$63,200,000,000.

25 (B) Outlays, \$62,200,000,000.

1 (C) New direct loan obligations,
2 \$16,800,000,000.

3 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
4 mitments, \$11,200,000,000.

5 (11) Health (550):

6 Fiscal year 1995:

7 (A) New budget authority,
8 \$123,800,000,000.

9 (B) Outlays, \$122,500,000,000.

10 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

11 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
12 mitments, \$400,000,000.

13 Fiscal year 1996:

14 (A) New budget authority,
15 \$136,600,000,000.

16 (B) Outlays, \$135,500,000,000.

17 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

18 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
19 mitments, \$300,000,000.

20 Fiscal year 1997:

21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$150,900,000,000.

23 (B) Outlays, \$149,800,000,000.

24 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

1 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
2 mitments, \$200,000,000.

3 Fiscal year 1998:

4 (A) New budget authority,
5 \$166,600,000,000.

6 (B) Outlays, \$165,400,000,000.

7 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

8 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
9 mitments, \$100,000,000.

10 Fiscal year 1999:

11 (A) New budget authority,
12 \$184,100,000,000.

13 (B) Outlays, \$182,500,000,000.

14 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

15 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
16 mitments, \$0.

17 (12) Medicare (570):

18 Fiscal year 1995:

19 (A) New budget authority,
20 \$162,400,000,000.

21 (B) Outlays, \$160,500,000,000.

22 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

23 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
24 mitments, \$0.

25 Fiscal year 1996:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$180,500,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$178,200,000,000.

4 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

5 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
6 mitments, \$0.

7 Fiscal year 1997:

8 (A) New budget authority,
9 \$198,500,000,000.

10 (B) Outlays, \$196,100,000,000.

11 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

12 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
13 mitments, \$0.

14 Fiscal year 1998:

15 (A) New budget authority,
16 \$217,700,000,000.

17 (B) Outlays, \$215,100,000,000.

18 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

19 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
20 mitments, \$0.

21 Fiscal year 1999:

22 (A) New budget authority,
23 \$242,300,000,000.

24 (B) Outlays, \$239,000,000,000.

25 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

1 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
2 mitments, \$0.

3 (13) For purposes of section 710 of the Social
4 Security Act, Federal Supplementary Medical Insur-
5 ance Trust Fund:

6 Fiscal year 1995:

7 (A) New budget authority,
8 \$56,000,000,000.

9 (B) Outlays, \$55,200,000,000.

10 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

11 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
12 mitments, \$0.

13 Fiscal year 1996:

14 (A) New budget authority,
15 \$65,200,000,000.

16 (B) Outlays, \$64,200,000,000.

17 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

18 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
19 mitments, \$0.

20 Fiscal year 1997:

21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$73,300,000,000.

23 (B) Outlays, \$72,200,000,000.

24 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

1 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
2 mitments, \$0.

3 Fiscal year 1998:

4 (A) New budget authority,
5 \$81,300,000,000.

6 (B) Outlays, \$80,200,000,000.

7 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

8 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
9 mitments, \$0.

10 Fiscal year 1999:

11 (A) New budget authority,
12 \$92,200,000,000.

13 (B) Outlays, \$90,900,000,000.

14 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

15 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
16 mitments, \$0.

17 (14) Income Security (600):

18 Fiscal year 1995:

19 (A) New budget authority,
20 \$219,900,000,000.

21 (B) Outlays, \$220,400,000,000.

22 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

23 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
24 mitments, \$0.

25 Fiscal year 1996:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$234,500,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$229,100,000,000.

4 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

5 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
6 mitments, \$0.

7 Fiscal year 1997:

8 (A) New budget authority,
9 \$249,100,000,000.

10 (B) Outlays, \$242,600,000,000.

11 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

12 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
13 mitments, \$0.

14 Fiscal year 1998:

15 (A) New budget authority,
16 \$261,000,000,000.

17 (B) Outlays, \$253,000,000,000.

18 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

19 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
20 mitments, \$0.

21 Fiscal year 1999:

22 (A) New budget authority,
23 \$272,600,000,000.

24 (B) Outlays, \$264,200,000,000.

25 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

1 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
2 mitments, \$0.

3 (15) Social Security (650):

4 Fiscal year 1995:

5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$6,800,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, \$9,400,000,000.

8 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

9 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
10 mitments, \$0.

11 Fiscal year 1996:

12 (A) New budget authority,
13 \$6,300,000,000.

14 (B) Outlays, \$9,400,000,000.

15 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

16 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
17 mitments, \$0.

18 Fiscal year 1997:

19 (A) New budget authority,
20 \$8,300,000,000.

21 (B) Outlays, \$11,500,000,000.

22 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

23 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
24 mitments, \$0.

25 Fiscal year 1998:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$9,000,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$12,300,000,000.

4 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

5 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
6 mitments, \$0.

7 Fiscal year 1999:

8 (A) New budget authority,
9 \$9,800,000,000.

10 (B) Outlays, \$13,200,000,000.

11 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

12 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
13 mitments, \$0.

14 (16) Veterans Benefits and Services (700):

15 Fiscal year 1995:

16 (A) New budget authority,
17 \$37,200,000,000.

18 (B) Outlays, \$36,600,000,000.

19 (C) New direct loan obligations,
20 \$1,400,000,000.

21 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
22 mitments, \$32,900,000,000.

23 Fiscal year 1996:

24 (A) New budget authority,
25 \$37,600,000,000.

1 (B) Outlays, \$36,600,000,000.

2 (C) New direct loan obligations,
3 \$1,300,000,000.

4 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
5 mitments, \$27,400,000,000.

6 Fiscal year 1997:

7 (A) New budget authority,
8 \$38,500,000,000.

9 (B) Outlays, \$38,300,000,000.

10 (C) New direct loan obligations,
11 \$1,400,000,000.

12 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
13 mitments, \$25,800,000,000.

14 Fiscal year 1998:

15 (A) New budget authority,
16 \$38,600,000,000.

17 (B) Outlays, \$38,500,000,000.

18 (C) New direct loan obligations,
19 \$1,400,000,000.

20 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
21 mitments, \$25,600,000,000.

22 Fiscal year 1999:

23 (A) New budget authority,
24 \$39,700,000,000.

25 (B) Outlays, \$39,600,000,000.

1 (C) New direct loan obligations,
2 \$1,500,000,000.

3 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
4 mitments, \$25,300,000,000.

5 (17) Administration of Justice (750):

6 Fiscal year 1995:

7 (A) New budget authority,
8 \$18,300,000,000.

9 (B) Outlays, \$17,100,000,000.

10 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

11 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
12 mitments, \$0.

13 Fiscal year 1996:

14 (A) New budget authority,
15 \$20,800,000,000.

16 (B) Outlays, \$19,100,000,000.

17 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

18 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
19 mitments, \$0.

20 Fiscal year 1997:

21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$21,600,000,000.

23 (B) Outlays, \$20,600,000,000.

24 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

1 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
2 mitments, \$0.

3 Fiscal year 1998:

4 (A) New budget authority,
5 \$22,700,000,000.

6 (B) Outlays, \$22,000,000,000.

7 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

8 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
9 mitments, \$0.

10 Fiscal year 1999:

11 (A) New budget authority,
12 \$24,000,000,000.

13 (B) Outlays, \$23,000,000,000.

14 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

15 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
16 mitments, \$0.

17 (18) General Government (800):

18 Fiscal year 1995:

19 (A) New budget authority,
20 \$14,000,000,000.

21 (B) Outlays, \$13,700,000,000.

22 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

23 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
24 mitments, \$0.

25 Fiscal year 1996:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$13,500,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$14,700,000,000.

4 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

5 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
6 mitments, \$0.

7 Fiscal year 1997:

8 (A) New budget authority,
9 \$13,400,000,000.

10 (B) Outlays, \$13,900,000,000.

11 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

12 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
13 mitments, \$0.

14 Fiscal year 1998:

15 (A) New budget authority,
16 \$13,100,000,000.

17 (B) Outlays, \$13,400,000,000.

18 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

19 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
20 mitments, \$0.

21 Fiscal year 1999:

22 (A) New budget authority,
23 \$13,500,000,000.

24 (B) Outlays, \$13,500,000,000.

25 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

1 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
2 mitments, \$0.

3 (19) Net Interest (900):

4 Fiscal year 1995:

5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$247,100,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, \$247,100,000,000.

8 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

9 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
10 mitments, \$0.

11 Fiscal year 1996:

12 (A) New budget authority,
13 \$267,100,000,000.

14 (B) Outlays, \$267,100,000,000.

15 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

16 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
17 mitments, \$0.

18 Fiscal year 1997:

19 (A) New budget authority,
20 \$282,500,000,000.

21 (B) Outlays, \$282,500,000,000.

22 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

23 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
24 mitments, \$0.

25 Fiscal year 1998:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$297,900,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, \$297,900,000,000.

4 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

5 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
6 mitments, \$0.

7 Fiscal year 1999:

8 (A) New budget authority,
9 \$314,700,000,000.

10 (B) Outlays, \$314,700,000,000.

11 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

12 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
13 mitments, \$0.

14 (20) For purposes of section 710 of the Social
15 Security Act, Net Interest (900):

16 Fiscal year 1995:

17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$257,600,000,000.

19 (B) Outlays, \$257,600,000,000.

20 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

21 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
22 mitments, \$0.

23 Fiscal year 1996:

24 (A) New budget authority,
25 \$277,800,000,000.

1 (B) Outlays, \$277,800,000,000.

2 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

3 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
4 mitments, \$0.

5 Fiscal year 1997:

6 (A) New budget authority,
7 \$293,300,000,000.

8 (B) Outlays, \$293,300,000,000.

9 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

10 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
11 mitments, \$0.

12 Fiscal year 1998:

13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$308,500,000,000.

15 (B) Outlays, \$308,500,000,000.

16 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

17 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
18 mitments, \$0.

19 Fiscal year 1999:

20 (A) New budget authority,
21 \$324,500,000,000.

22 (B) Outlays, \$324,500,000,000.

23 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

24 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
25 mitments, \$0.

1 (21) The corresponding levels of gross interest
2 on the public debt are as follows:

3 Fiscal year 1995: \$311,800,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 1996: \$331,100,000,000.

5 Fiscal year 1997: \$347,400,000,000.

6 Fiscal year 1998: \$364,600,000,000.

7 Fiscal year 1999: \$383,300,000,000.

8 (22) Allowances (920):

9 Fiscal year 1995:

10 (A) New budget authority,
11 – \$9,400,000,000.

12 (B) Outlays, – \$12,200,000,000.

13 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

14 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
15 mitments, \$0.

16 Fiscal year 1996:

17 (A) New budget authority,
18 – \$7,700,000,000.

19 (B) Outlays, – \$3,000,000,000.

20 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

21 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
22 mitments, \$0.

23 Fiscal year 1997:

24 (A) New budget authority,
25 – \$8,400,000,000.

1 (B) Outlays, – \$5,600,000,000.

2 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

3 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
4 mitments, \$0.

5 Fiscal year 1998:

6 (A) New budget authority,
7 – \$11,600,000,000.

8 (B) Outlays, – \$11,200,000,000.

9 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

10 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
11 mitments, \$0.

12 Fiscal year 1999:

13 (A) New budget authority,
14 – \$23,200,000,000.

15 (B) Outlays, – \$14,800,000,000.

16 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

17 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
18 mitments, \$0.

19 (23) Undistributed Offsetting Receipts (950):

20 Fiscal year 1995:

21 (A) New budget authority,
22 – \$36,100,000,000.

23 (B) Outlays, – \$36,100,000,000.

24 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

1 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
2 mitments, \$0.

3 Fiscal year 1996:

4 (A) New budget authority,
5 – \$30,300,000,000.

6 (B) Outlays, – \$30,300,000,000.

7 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

8 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
9 mitments, \$0.

10 Fiscal year 1997:

11 (A) New budget authority,
12 – \$30,300,000,000.

13 (B) Outlays, – \$30,300,000,000.

14 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

15 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
16 mitments, \$0.

17 Fiscal year 1998:

18 (A) New budget authority,
19 – \$31,200,000,000.

20 (B) Outlays, – \$31,200,000,000.

21 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

22 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
23 mitments, \$0.

24 Fiscal year 1999:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 – \$31,600,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, – \$31,600,000,000.

4 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

5 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
6 mitments, \$0.

7 (24) For purposes of section 710 of the Social
8 Security Act, Undistributed Offsetting Receipts
9 (950):

10 Fiscal year 1995:

11 (A) New budget authority,
12 – \$33,500,000,000.

13 (B) Outlays, – \$33,500,000,000.

14 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

15 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
16 mitments, \$0.

17 Fiscal year 1996:

18 (A) New budget authority,
19 – \$27,100,000,000.

20 (B) Outlays, – \$27,100,000,000.

21 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

22 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
23 mitments, \$0.

24 Fiscal year 1997:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 – \$27,600,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, – \$27,600,000,000.

4 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

5 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
6 mitments, \$0.

7 Fiscal year 1998:

8 (A) New budget authority,
9 – \$28,300,000,000.

10 (B) Outlays, – \$28,300,000,000.

11 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

12 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
13 mitments, \$0.

14 Fiscal year 1999:

15 (A) New budget authority,
16 – \$28,500,000,000.

17 (B) Outlays, – \$28,500,000,000.

18 (C) New direct loan obligations, \$0.

19 (D) New primary loan guarantee com-
20 mitments, \$0.

21 **TITLE II—BUDGETARY**
22 **PROCEDURES**

23 **SEC. 21. SALE OF GOVERNMENT ASSETS.**

24 (a) SENSE OF THE CONGRESS.—It is the sense of the
25 Congress that—

1 (1) from time to time the United States Gov-
2 ernment should sell assets; and

3 (2) the amounts realized from such asset sales
4 will not recur on an annual basis and do not reduce
5 the demand for credit.

6 (b) FINDING.—The Congress finds that every budget
7 resolution since that for fiscal year 1988 has included lan-
8 guage prohibiting counting in the budget process the
9 amounts realized from asset sales (other than loan assets).

10 (c) BUDGETARY TREATMENT.—For purposes of
11 points of order under this concurrent resolution and the
12 Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of
13 1974, the amounts realized from sales of assets (other
14 than loan assets) shall not be scored with respect to the
15 level of budget authority, outlays, or revenues.

16 (d) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section—

17 (1) the term “sale of an asset” shall have the
18 same meaning as under section 250(c)(21) of the
19 Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control
20 Act of 1985 (as amended by the Budget Enforce-
21 ment Act of 1990); and

22 (2) the term shall not include asset sales man-
23 dated by law before September 18, 1987, and rou-
24 tine, ongoing asset sales at levels consistent with
25 agency operations in fiscal year 1986.

1 (e) SUNSET.—Subsections (a) through (d) of this sec-
2 tion shall expire September 30, 1998.

3 (f) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 8 of House
4 Concurrent Resolution 64 (103d Congress), section 8 of
5 House Concurrent Resolution 287 (102d Congress), sec-
6 tion 7 of House Concurrent Resolution 121 (102d Con-
7 gress), section 5 of House Concurrent Resolution 310
8 (101st Congress), section 6 of House Concurrent Resolu-
9 tion 106 (101st Congress), section 4 of House Concurrent
10 Resolution 268 (100th Congress), and sections 7 and 8
11 of House Concurrent Resolution 93 (100th Congress) are
12 repealed.

13 **SEC. 22. SOCIAL SECURITY FIRE WALL POINT OF ORDER IN**
14 **THE SENATE.**

15 (a) FINDING.—The Senate finds that the concurrent
16 resolutions on the budget for fiscal years 1993 and 1994
17 have prohibited subsequent concurrent resolutions on the
18 budget from decreasing the balances of the social security
19 trust fund.

20 (b) APPLICATION OF SECTION 301(i).—Notwith-
21 standing any other rule of the Senate, in the Senate, the
22 point of order established under section 301(i) of the Con-
23 gressional Budget Act of 1974 shall apply to any concur-
24 rent resolution on the budget for any fiscal year (as re-

1 ported and as amended), amendments thereto, or any con-
2 ference report thereon.

3 (c) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 10(b) of
4 House Concurrent Resolution 64 (103d Congress) and
5 section 12(b) of House Concurrent Resolution 287 (102d
6 Congress) are repealed.

7 **SEC. 23. ENFORCING PAY-AS-YOU-GO.**

8 (a) PURPOSE.—The Senate declares that it is essen-
9 tial to—

10 (1) ensure continued compliance with the deficit
11 reduction embodied in the Omnibus Budget Rec-
12 onciliation Act of 1993; and

13 (2) continue the pay-as-you-go enforcement
14 system.

15 (b) FINDING.—The Senate finds that section 12(c)
16 of the concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year
17 1994 created a point of order prohibiting legislation that
18 would increase the deficit through fiscal year 2003.

19 (c) ENFORCEMENT.—

20 (1) IN GENERAL.—It shall not be in order in
21 the Senate to consider any direct spending or re-
22 ceipts legislation (including any such bill, joint reso-
23 lution, amendment, motion, or conference report)
24 that would—

1 (A) increase the deficit for the first fiscal
2 year covered by the most recently adopted con-
3 current resolution on the budget;

4 (B) increase the deficit for the period of
5 the 5 fiscal years covered by the most recently
6 adopted concurrent resolution on the budget; or

7 (C) increase the deficit to a significant de-
8 gree for the period of the 5 fiscal years follow-
9 ing the first 5 years covered by the most re-
10 cently adopted concurrent resolution on the
11 budget;

12 when taken individually (as a bill, joint resolution,
13 amendment, motion, or conference report, as the
14 case may be), and when taken together with all di-
15 rect spending and receipts legislation enacted after
16 the date of enactment of the Omnibus Budget Rec-
17 onciliation Act of 1993.

18 (2) DIRECT SPENDING AND RECEIPTS LEGISLA-
19 TION.—For purposes of this subsection, direct
20 spending and receipts legislation shall—

21 (A) exclude full funding of, and continu-
22 ation of, the deposit insurance guarantee com-
23 mitment in effect on the date of enactment of
24 the Budget Enforcement Act of 1990;

1 (B) exclude emergency provisions so des-
2 ignated under section 252(e) of the Balanced
3 Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of
4 1985;

5 (C) include the estimated amount of sav-
6 ings in direct spending programs applicable to
7 that fiscal year resulting from the prior year's
8 sequestration under the Balanced Budget and
9 Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, if any
10 (except for any amounts sequestered as a result
11 of a net deficit increase in the fiscal year imme-
12 diately preceding the prior fiscal year); and

13 (D) except as otherwise provided in this
14 subsection, include all direct spending legisla-
15 tion as that term is defined in section 250(c)(8)
16 of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit
17 Control Act of 1985.

18 (d) WAIVER.—This section may be waived or sus-
19 pended in the Senate only by the affirmative vote of three-
20 fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn.

21 (e) APPEALS.—Appeals in the Senate from the deci-
22 sions of the Chair relating to any provision of this section
23 shall be limited to 1 hour, to be equally divided between,
24 and controlled by, the appellant and the manager of the
25 bill or joint resolution, as the case may be. An affirmative

1 vote of three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly
2 chosen and sworn, shall be required in the Senate to sus-
3 tain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of
4 order raised under this section.

5 (f) DETERMINATION OF BUDGET LEVELS.—For pur-
6 poses of this section, the levels of new budget authority,
7 outlays, and receipts for a fiscal year shall be determined
8 on the basis of estimates made by the Committee on the
9 Budget of the Senate.

10 (g) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 12(c) of
11 House Concurrent Resolution 64 (103d Congress) is
12 repealed.

13 (h) TECHNICAL CORRECTION.—Notwithstanding sec-
14 tion 275(b) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Defi-
15 cit Control Act of 1985 (as amended by sections 13112(b)
16 and 13208(b)(3) of the Budget Enforcement Act of 1990),
17 the second sentence of section 904(c) of the Congressional
18 Budget Act of 1974 (except insofar as it relates to section
19 313 of that Act) and the final sentence of section 904(d)
20 of that Act (except insofar as it relates to section 313 of
21 that Act) shall continue to have effect as a rule of the
22 Senate through (but no later than) September 30, 1998.

23 (i) SUNSET.—Subsections (a) through (f) of this sec-
24 tion shall expire September 30, 1998.

1 **SEC. 24. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND IN THE SEN-**
2 **ATE.**

3 (a) INITIATIVES TO IMPROVE THE WELL-BEING OF
4 FAMILIES THROUGH WELFARE OR OTHER REFORMS, TO
5 PROVIDE FOR SERVICES TO SUPPORT OR PROTECT CHIL-
6 DREN, OR TO IMPROVE THE HEALTH, NUTRITION, OR
7 CARE OF CHILDREN.—

8 (1) IN GENERAL.—Budget authority and out-
9 lays may be allocated to a committee or committees
10 and the revenue aggregates may be reduced for leg-
11 islation to improve the well-being of families through
12 welfare or other reforms (including promoting self-
13 sufficiency through improvements in job training or
14 employment programs), to provide for services to
15 support or protect children (including assuring in-
16 creased parental support for children through im-
17 provements in the child support enforcement pro-
18 gram), or to improve the health, nutrition, or care
19 of children, within such a committee's jurisdiction if
20 such a committee or the committee of conference on
21 such legislation reports such legislation, if, to the ex-
22 tent that the costs of such legislation are not in-
23 cluded in this concurrent resolution on the budget,
24 the enactment of such legislation will not increase
25 (by virtue of either contemporaneous or previously

1 passed deficit reduction) the deficit in this resolution
2 for—

3 (A) fiscal year 1995; or

4 (B) the period of fiscal years 1995 through
5 1999.

6 (2) REVISED ALLOCATIONS.—Upon the report-
7 ing of legislation pursuant to paragraph (1), and
8 again upon the submission of a conference report on
9 such legislation (if a conference report is submitted),
10 the Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
11 the Senate may file with the Senate appropriately
12 revised allocations under sections 302(a) and 602(a)
13 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 and revised
14 functional levels and aggregates to carry out this
15 subsection. These revised allocations, functional lev-
16 els, and aggregates shall be considered for the pur-
17 poses of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 as
18 allocations, functional levels, and aggregates con-
19 tained in this concurrent resolution on the budget.

20 (3) REPORTING REVISED ALLOCATIONS.—The
21 appropriate committee may report appropriately re-
22 vised allocations pursuant to sections 302(b) and
23 602(b) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to
24 carry out this subsection.

1 (b) INITIATIVES TO PROVIDE COMPREHENSIVE
2 TRAINING OR JOB SEARCH ASSISTANCE OR TO REFORM
3 UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION.—

4 (1) IN GENERAL.—Budget authority and out-
5 lays may be allocated to a committee or committees
6 for legislation that increases funding to provide com-
7 prehensive training or job search assistance (includ-
8 ing reemployment or job training programs or dis-
9 located worker programs), or to reform unemploy-
10 ment compensation, or to provide for other related
11 programs, within such a committee's jurisdiction if
12 such a committee or the committee of conference on
13 such legislation reports such legislation, if, to the ex-
14 tent that the costs of such legislation are not in-
15 cluded in this concurrent resolution on the budget,
16 the enactment of such legislation will not increase
17 (by virtue of either contemporaneous or previously
18 passed deficit reduction) the deficit in this resolution
19 for—

20 (A) fiscal year 1995; or

21 (B) the period of fiscal years 1995 through
22 1999.

23 (2) REVISED ALLOCATIONS.—Upon the report-
24 ing of legislation pursuant to paragraph (1), and
25 again upon the submission of a conference report on

1 such legislation (if a conference report is submitted),
2 the Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
3 the Senate may file with the Senate appropriately
4 revised allocations under sections 302(a) and 602(a)
5 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 and revised
6 functional levels and aggregates to carry out this
7 subsection. These revised allocations, functional lev-
8 els, and aggregates shall be considered for the pur-
9 poses of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 as
10 allocations, functional levels, and aggregates con-
11 tained in this concurrent resolution on the budget.

12 (3) REPORTING REVISED ALLOCATIONS.—The
13 appropriate committee may report appropriately re-
14 vised allocations pursuant to sections 302(b) and
15 602(b) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to
16 carry out this subsection.

17 (c) CONTINUING IMPROVEMENTS IN ONGOING
18 HEALTH CARE PROGRAMS OR COMPREHENSIVE HEALTH
19 CARE REFORM.—

20 (1) IN GENERAL.—Budget authority and out-
21 lays may be allocated to a committee or committees
22 for legislation that increases funding to make con-
23 tinuing improvements in ongoing health care pro-
24 grams, to provide for comprehensive health care re-
25 form, to control health care costs, or to accomplish

1 other health care reforms within such a committee's
2 jurisdiction if such a committee or the committee of
3 conference on such legislation reports such legisla-
4 tion, if, to the extent that the costs of such legisla-
5 tion are not included in this concurrent resolution on
6 the budget, the enactment of such legislation will not
7 increase (by virtue of either contemporaneous or pre-
8 viously passed deficit reduction) the deficit in this
9 resolution for—

10 (A) fiscal year 1995; or

11 (B) the period of fiscal years 1995 through
12 1999.

13 (2) REVISED ALLOCATIONS.—Upon the report-
14 ing of legislation pursuant to paragraph (1), and
15 again upon the submission of a conference report on
16 such legislation (if a conference report is submitted),
17 the Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
18 the Senate may file with the Senate appropriately
19 revised allocations under sections 302(a) and 602(a)
20 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 and revised
21 functional levels and aggregates to carry out this
22 subsection. These revised allocations, functional lev-
23 els, and aggregates shall be considered for the pur-
24 poses of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 as

1 allocations, functional levels, and aggregates con-
2 tained in this concurrent resolution on the budget.

3 (3) REPORTING REVISED ALLOCATIONS.—The
4 appropriate committee may report appropriately re-
5 vised allocations pursuant to sections 302(b) and
6 602(b) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to
7 carry out this subsection.

8 (4) ADJUSTMENTS FOR AMENDMENTS.—(A) If
9 the Chairman of the Committee on the Budget
10 makes an adjustment for legislation pursuant to this
11 subsection, upon the offering of an amendment to
12 such legislation, the Chairman shall file with the
13 Senate appropriately revised allocations under sec-
14 tions 302(a) and 602(a) of the Congressional Budg-
15 et Act of 1974 and revised functional levels and ag-
16 gregates if the enactment of such legislation (as pro-
17 posed to be amended) will not increase (by virtue of
18 either contemporaneous or previously passed deficit
19 reduction) the deficit in this resolution for—

20 (i) fiscal year 1995; or

21 (ii) the period of fiscal years 1995 through
22 1999.

23 (B) These revised allocations, functional levels,
24 and aggregates shall be considered for the purposes
25 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 as alloca-

1 tions, functional levels, and aggregates contained in
2 this resolution on the budget.

3 (C) The appropriate committee may report ap-
4 propriately revised allocations pursuant to sections
5 302(b) and 602(b) of the Congressional Budget Act
6 of 1974 to carry out this subsection.

7 (d) INITIATIVES TO PRESERVE AND REBUILD THE
8 UNITED STATES MARITIME INDUSTRY.—

9 (1) IN GENERAL.—Budget authority and out-
10 lays may be allocated to a committee or committees
11 for direct spending legislation that increases funding
12 to preserve and rebuild the United States maritime
13 industry within such a committee's jurisdiction if
14 such a committee or the committee of conference on
15 such legislation reports such legislation, if, to the ex-
16 tent that the costs of such legislation are not in-
17 cluded in this concurrent resolution on the budget,
18 the enactment of such legislation will not increase
19 (by virtue of either contemporaneous or previously
20 passed deficit reduction) the deficit in this resolution
21 for—

22 (A) fiscal year 1995; and

23 (B) the period of fiscal years 1995 through
24 1999.

1 (2) REVISED ALLOCATIONS.—Upon the report-
2 ing of legislation pursuant to paragraph (1), and
3 again upon the submission of a conference report on
4 such legislation (if a conference report is submitted),
5 the Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
6 the Senate may file with the Senate appropriately
7 revised allocations under sections 302(a) and 602(a)
8 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 and revised
9 functional levels and aggregates to carry out this
10 subsection. Such revised allocations, functional lev-
11 els, and aggregates shall be considered for the pur-
12 poses of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 as
13 allocations, functional levels, and aggregates con-
14 tained in this concurrent resolution on the budget.

15 (3) REPORTING REVISED ALLOCATIONS.—The
16 appropriate committee may report appropriately
17 revised allocations pursuant to sections 302(b) and
18 602(b) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to
19 carry out this subsection.

20 (e) INITIATIVES TO REFORM THE FINANCING OF
21 FEDERAL ELECTIONS.—

22 (1) IN GENERAL.—Budget authority and out-
23 lays may be allocated to a committee or committees
24 for direct spending legislation that increases funding
25 to reform the financing of Federal elections within

1 such a committee's jurisdiction if such a committee
2 or the committee of conference on such legislation
3 reports such legislation, if, to the extent that the
4 costs of such legislation are not included in this con-
5 current resolution on the budget, the enactment of
6 such legislation will not increase (by virtue of either
7 contemporaneous or previously passed deficit reduc-
8 tion) the deficit in this resolution for—

9 (A) fiscal year 1995; or

10 (B) the period of fiscal years 1995 through
11 1999.

12 (2) REVISED ALLOCATIONS.—Upon the report-
13 ing of legislation pursuant to paragraph (1), and
14 again upon the submission of a conference report on
15 such legislation (if a conference report is submitted),
16 the Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
17 the Senate may file with the Senate appropriately
18 revised allocations under sections 302(a) and 602(a)
19 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 and revised
20 functional levels and aggregates to carry out this
21 subsection. These revised allocations, functional lev-
22 els, and aggregates shall be considered for the pur-
23 poses of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 as
24 allocations, functional levels, and aggregates con-
25 tained in this concurrent resolution on the budget.

1 (3) REPORTING REVISED ALLOCATIONS.—The
2 appropriate committee may report appropriately re-
3 vised allocations pursuant to sections 302(b) and
4 602(b) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to
5 carry out this subsection.

6 (f) TRADE-RELATED LEGISLATION.—

7 (1) IN GENERAL.—Budget authority and out-
8 lays may be allocated to a committee or committees
9 and the revenue aggregates may be reduced for
10 trade-related legislation (including legislation to im-
11 plement the Uruguay Round of the General Agree-
12 ment on Tariffs and Trade or to extend the General-
13 ized System of Preferences) within such a commit-
14 tee’s jurisdiction if such a committee or the commit-
15 tee of conference on such legislation reports such
16 legislation, if, to the extent that the costs of such
17 legislation are not included in this concurrent resolu-
18 tion on the budget, the enactment of such legislation
19 will not increase (by virtue of either contempora-
20 neous or previously passed deficit reduction) the def-
21 icit in this resolution for—

22 (A) fiscal year 1995; or

23 (B) the period of fiscal years 1995 through
24 1999.

1 (2) REVISED ALLOCATIONS.—Upon the report-
2 ing of legislation pursuant to paragraph (1), and
3 again upon the submission of a conference report on
4 such legislation (if a conference report is submitted),
5 the Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
6 the Senate may file with the Senate appropriately
7 revised allocations under sections 302(a) and 602(a)
8 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 and revised
9 functional levels and aggregates to carry out this
10 subsection. These revised allocations, functional lev-
11 els, and aggregates shall be considered for the pur-
12 poses of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 as
13 allocations, functional levels, and aggregates con-
14 tained in this concurrent resolution on the budget.

15 (3) REPORTING REVISED ALLOCATIONS.—The
16 appropriate committee may report appropriately re-
17 vised allocations pursuant to sections 302(b) and
18 602(b) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to
19 carry out this subsection.

20 (g) REFORMS RELATING TO THE PENSION BENEFIT
21 GUARANTY CORPORATION.—

22 (1) IN GENERAL.—Budget authority and out-
23 lays may be allocated to a committee or committees
24 and the revenue aggregates may be reduced for re-
25 forms relating to the Pension Benefit Guaranty Cor-

1 poration (including legislation to improve the fund-
2 ing of government-insured pension plans, to protect
3 plan participants, or to limit growth in exposure of
4 the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation) or other
5 employee benefit-related legislation within such a
6 committee's jurisdiction if such a committee or the
7 committee of conference on such legislation reports
8 such legislation, if, to the extent that the costs of
9 such legislation are not included in this concurrent
10 resolution on the budget, the enactment of such leg-
11 islation will not increase (by virtue of either contem-
12 poraneous or previously passed deficit reduction) the
13 deficit in this resolution for—

14 (A) fiscal year 1995; or

15 (B) the period of fiscal years 1995 through
16 1999.

17 (2) REVISED ALLOCATIONS.—Upon the report-
18 ing of legislation pursuant to paragraph (1), and
19 again upon the submission of a conference report on
20 such legislation (if a conference report is submitted),
21 the Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
22 the Senate may file with the Senate appropriately
23 revised allocations under sections 302(a) and 602(a)
24 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 and revised
25 functional levels and aggregates to carry out this

1 subsection. These revised allocations, functional lev-
2 els, and aggregates shall be considered for the pur-
3 poses of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 as
4 allocations, functional levels, and aggregates con-
5 tained in this concurrent resolution on the budget.

6 (3) REPORTING REVISED ALLOCATIONS.—The
7 appropriate committee may report appropriately re-
8 vised allocations pursuant to sections 302(b) and
9 602(b) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to
10 carry out this subsection.

11 (h) REFORMS RELATING TO EMPLOYMENT TAXES
12 ON DOMESTIC SERVICES.—

13 (1) IN GENERAL.—Budget authority and out-
14 lays may be allocated to a committee or committees
15 and the revenue aggregates may be reduced for re-
16 forms relating to providing for simplified collection
17 of employment taxes on domestic services within
18 such a committee's jurisdiction if such a committee
19 or the committee of conference on such legislation
20 reports such legislation, if, to the extent that the
21 costs of such legislation are not included in this con-
22 current resolution on the budget, the enactment of
23 such legislation will not increase (by virtue of either
24 contemporaneous or previously passed deficit reduc-
25 tion) the deficit in this resolution for—

1 (A) fiscal year 1995; or

2 (B) the period of fiscal years 1995 through
3 1999.

4 (2) REVISED ALLOCATIONS.—Upon the report-
5 ing of legislation pursuant to paragraph (1), and
6 again upon the submission of a conference report on
7 such legislation (if a conference report is submitted),
8 the Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
9 the Senate may file with the Senate appropriately
10 revised allocations under sections 302(a) and 602(a)
11 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 and revised
12 functional levels and aggregates to carry out this
13 subsection. These revised allocations, functional lev-
14 els, and aggregates shall be considered for the pur-
15 poses of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 as
16 allocations, functional levels, and aggregates con-
17 tained in this concurrent resolution on the budget.

18 (3) REPORTING REVISED ALLOCATIONS.—The
19 appropriate committee may report appropriately re-
20 vised allocations pursuant to sections 302(b) and
21 602(b) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to
22 carry out this subsection.

23 (i) INITIATIVES TO REFORM THE COMPREHENSIVE
24 ENVIRONMENTAL RESPONSE, COMPENSATION, AND LI-
25 ABILITY ACT OF 1980.—

1 (1) IN GENERAL.—Budget authority and out-
2 lays may be allocated to a committee or committees
3 for direct spending legislation that increases funding
4 to reform the Comprehensive Environmental Re-
5 sponse, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980
6 within such a committee’s jurisdiction if such a com-
7 mittee or the committee of conference on such legis-
8 lation reports such legislation, if, to the extent that
9 the costs of such legislation are not included in this
10 concurrent resolution on the budget, the enactment
11 of such legislation will not increase (by virtue of ei-
12 ther contemporaneous or previously passed deficit
13 reduction) the deficit in this resolution for—

14 (A) fiscal year 1995; or

15 (B) the period of fiscal years 1995 through
16 1999.

17 (2) REVISED ALLOCATIONS.—Upon the report-
18 ing of legislation pursuant to paragraph (1), and
19 again upon the submission of a conference report on
20 such legislation (if a conference report is submitted),
21 the Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
22 the Senate may file with the Senate appropriately
23 revised allocations under sections 302(a) and 602(a)
24 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 and revised
25 functional levels and aggregates to carry out this

1 subsection. These revised allocations, functional lev-
2 els, and aggregates shall be considered for the pur-
3 poses of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 as
4 allocations, functional levels, and aggregates con-
5 tained in this concurrent resolution on the budget.

6 (3) REPORTING REVISED ALLOCATIONS.—The
7 appropriate committee may report appropriately re-
8 vised allocations pursuant to sections 302(b) and
9 602(b) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to
10 carry out this subsection.

11 (j) REFORMS TO CONSOLIDATE THE SUPERVISION
12 OF DEPOSITORY INSTITUTIONS INSURED UNDER THE
13 FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE ACT.—

14 (1) IN GENERAL.—Budget authority and out-
15 lays may be allocated to a committee or committees
16 and the revenue aggregates may be reduced for re-
17 forms to consolidate the supervision of depository in-
18 stitutions insured under the Federal Deposit Insur-
19 ance Act within such a committee's jurisdiction if
20 such a committee or the committee of conference on
21 such legislation reports such legislation, if, to the ex-
22 tent that the costs of such legislation are not in-
23 cluded in this concurrent resolution on the budget,
24 the enactment of such legislation will not increase
25 (by virtue of either contemporaneous or previously

1 passed deficit reduction) the deficit in this resolution
2 for—

3 (A) fiscal year 1995; or

4 (B) the period of fiscal years 1995 through
5 1999.

6 (2) REVISED ALLOCATIONS.—Upon the report-
7 ing of legislation pursuant to paragraph (1), and
8 again upon the submission of a conference report on
9 such legislation (if a conference report is submitted),
10 the chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the
11 Senate may file with the Senate appropriately re-
12 vised allocations under sections 302(a) and 602(a)
13 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 and revised
14 functional levels and aggregates to carry out this
15 subsection. These revised allocations, functional lev-
16 els, and aggregates shall be considered for the pur-
17 poses of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 as
18 allocations, functional levels, and aggregates con-
19 tained in this concurrent resolution on the budget.

20 (3) REPORTING REVISED ALLOCATIONS.—The
21 appropriate committee may report appropriately re-
22 vised allocations pursuant to sections 302(b) and
23 602(b) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to
24 carry out this subsection.

1 (k) INITIATIVES TO PRESERVE ENERGY SECUR-
2 RITY.—

3 (1) IN GENERAL.—Budget authority and out-
4 lays may be allocated to a committee or committees
5 and the revenue aggregates may be reduced for ini-
6 tiatives to preserve United States energy security
7 within such a committee’s jurisdiction if such a com-
8 mittee or the committee of conference on such legis-
9 lation reports such legislation, if, to the extent that
10 the costs of such legislation are not included in this
11 concurrent resolution on the budget, the enactment
12 of such legislation will not increase (by virtue of ei-
13 ther contemporaneous or previously passed deficit
14 reduction) the deficit in this resolution for—

15 (A) fiscal year 1995; or

16 (B) the period of fiscal years 1995 through
17 1999.

18 (2) REVISED ALLOCATIONS.—Upon the report-
19 ing of legislation pursuant to paragraph (1), and
20 again upon the submission of a conference report on
21 such legislation (if a conference report is submitted),
22 the Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
23 the Senate may file with the Senate appropriately
24 revised allocations under sections 302(a) and 602(a)
25 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 and revised

1 functional levels and aggregates to carry out this
2 subsection. These revised allocations, functional lev-
3 els, and aggregates shall be considered for the pur-
4 poses of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 as
5 allocations, functional levels, and aggregates con-
6 tained in this concurrent resolution on the budget.

7 (3) REPORTING REVISED ALLOCATIONS.—The
8 appropriate committee may report appropriately re-
9 vised allocations pursuant to sections 302(b) and
10 602(b) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to
11 carry out this subsection.

12 **SEC. 25. ENFORCEMENT PROCEDURES.**

13 (a) DISCRETIONARY SPENDING LIMITS.—

14 (1) DEFINITION.—As used in this section, for
15 the discretionary category, for the purposes of con-
16 gressional enforcement of this resolution, reduce the
17 discretionary spending limit in section 601 of the
18 Congressional Budget Act of 1974 by the following
19 amounts—

20 (A) with respect to fiscal year 1996,
21 \$4,200,000,000 in budget authority and
22 \$5,400,000,000 in outlays;

23 (B) with respect to fiscal year 1997,
24 \$4,800,000,000 in budget authority and
25 \$5,600,000,000 in outlays; and

1 (C) with respect to fiscal year 1998,
2 \$8,700,000,000 in budget authority and
3 \$5,300,000,000 in outlays.

4 (2) POINT OF ORDER IN THE SENATE.—(A)
5 Except as provided in subparagraph (B), it shall not
6 be in order in the Senate to consider any concurrent
7 resolution on the budget for fiscal years 1996, 1997,
8 or 1998 (or amendment, motion, or conference re-
9 port on such a resolution) that would exceed any of
10 the discretionary spending limits in this section.

11 (B) This subsection shall not apply if a declara-
12 tion of war by the Congress is in effect or if a joint
13 resolution pursuant to section 258 of the Balanced
14 Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985
15 has been enacted.

16 (b) WAIVER.—This section may be waived or sus-
17 pended in the Senate only by the affirmative vote of three-
18 fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn.

19 (c) APPEALS.—Appeals in the Senate from the deci-
20 sions of the Chair relating to any provision of this section
21 shall be limited to 1 hour, to be equally divided between,
22 and controlled by, the appellant and the manager of the
23 concurrent resolution, bill, or joint resolution, as the case
24 may be. An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members
25 of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required

1 in the Senate to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the
2 Chair on a point of order raised under this section.

3 (d) DETERMINATION OF BUDGET LEVELS.—For
4 purposes of this section, the levels of new budget author-
5 ity, outlays, new entitlement authority, and revenues for
6 a fiscal year shall be determined on the basis of estimates
7 made by the Committee on the Budget of the Senate or
8 the Committee on the Budget of the House of Representa-
9 tives, as the case may be.

10 **SEC. 26. EXERCISE OF RULE-MAKING POWERS.**

11 The Congress adopts the provisions of this title—

12 (1) as an exercise of the rule-making power of
13 the Senate and the House of Representatives, re-
14 spectively, and as such they shall be considered as
15 part of the rules of each House, or of that House
16 to which they specifically apply, and such rules shall
17 supersede other rules only to the extent that they
18 are inconsistent therewith; and

19 (2) with full recognition of the constitutional
20 right of either House to change those rules (so far
21 as they relate to that House) at any time, in the
22 same manner, and to the same extent as in the case
23 of any other rule of that House.

1 **TITLE III—SENSE OF CONGRESS**
2 **PROVISIONS**

3 **SEC. 31. SENSE OF THE CONGRESS REGARDING THE BUD-**
4 **GETARY ACCOUNTING OF HEALTH CARE**
5 **REFORM.**

6 It is the sense of the Congress that—

7 (1) the Congress should measure the costs and
8 benefits of all health care reform legislation against
9 a uniform set of economic and technical assump-
10 tions;

11 (2) before enacting major changes in the health
12 care system, the Congress should have available to
13 it reliable estimates of the costs of competing plans
14 prepared in a comparable manner;

15 (3) Congress should use Congressional Budget
16 Office estimates in accounting for the costs and ben-
17 efits of health care reform legislation; and

18 (4) all financial transactions associated with
19 Federal health care reform legislation mandating
20 employer payments for health care coverage should
21 be treated as part of the Federal budget, including
22 employer mandated payments to entities (which
23 should be treated as Government receipts) and pay-
24 ments made by the entities pursuant to Federal law
25 (which should be treated as outlays), for all purposes

1 under the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 and
2 the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control
3 Act of 1985.

4 **SEC. 32. SENSE OF THE CONGRESS ON THE COSTS OF ILLE-**
5 **GAL IMMIGRATION.**

6 (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that—

7 (1) the Federal Government is solely respon-
8 sible for setting and enforcing national immigration
9 policy;

10 (2) the Federal Government has not adequately
11 enforced immigration laws;

12 (3) this weak enforcement has imposed finan-
13 cial costs on State and local governments;

14 (4) States must incur costs for incarcerating
15 undocumented persons convicted of State and local
16 crimes, educating undocumented children, providing
17 emergency medical services to undocumented per-
18 sons, and providing services incidental to admission
19 of refugees under the Refugee Admissions and Re-
20 settlement Program; and

21 (5) the Federal Government has an obligation
22 to reimburse State and local governments for costs
23 resulting from the costs described in paragraph (4).

24 (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-
25 gress that, in setting forth the budget authority and outlay

1 amounts in this resolution, funding should be provided to
2 reimburse State and local governments for the costs asso-
3 ciated with—

4 (1) elementary and secondary education for un-
5 documented children;

6 (2) emergency medical assistance to undocu-
7 mented persons;

8 (3) incarceration and parole of criminal aliens;
9 and

10 (4) services incidental to admission of refugees
11 under the Refugee Admissions and Resettlement
12 Program.

13 **SEC. 33. SENSE OF THE CONGRESS REGARDING BASELINES.**

14 (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that—

15 (1) the baseline budget shows the likely course
16 of Federal revenues and spending if policies remain
17 unchanged;

18 (2) baseline budgeting has given rise to the
19 practice of calculating policy changes from an in-
20 flated spending level; and

21 (3) the baseline concept has been misused to
22 portray policies that would simply slow down the in-
23 crease in spending as spending reductions.

24 (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of the
25 Congress that—

1 (1) the President should submit a budget that
2 compares proposed spending levels for the budget
3 year with the current year; and

4 (2) the starting point for deliberations on a
5 budget resolution should be the current year.

6 **SEC. 34. SENSE OF THE CONGRESS ON ECONOMIC ASSUMP-**
7 **TIONS.**

8 It is the sense of Congress that—

9 (1) economic assumptions play a significant role
10 in projecting Federal budget expenditures and reve-
11 nues;

12 (2) over the past decade and one-half, the eco-
13 nomic assumptions used by both the Office of Man-
14 agement and Budget and by the Congressional
15 Budget Office have been less accurate than the Blue
16 Chip projections;

17 (3) future economic assumptions utilized for
18 budget projection purposes should use the latest
19 Blue Chip projections for economic assumptions and
20 quoted public market rates when relevant for pro-
21 jecting interest rates; and

22 (4) in the event the Office of Management and
23 Budget or the Congressional Budget Office con-
24 cludes that using the Blue Chip indicators or market
25 rates are inaccurate, they should present their budg-

1 et projections using both their own and Blue Chip
 2 and market assumptions, along with an explanation
 3 of why they find the latter to be unacceptable.

4 **SEC. 35. SENSE OF THE CONGRESS REGARDING UNFUNDED**
 5 **FEDERAL MANDATES.**

6 It is the sense of the Congress that—

7 (1) the Federal Government should not shift
 8 the costs of administering Federal programs to
 9 State and local governments;

10 (2) the Federal Government's share of entitle-
 11 ment programs should not be capped or otherwise
 12 decreased without providing States authority to
 13 amend their financial or programmatic responsibil-
 14 ities to continue meeting the mandated service;

15 (3) the Federal Government should not impose
 16 excessive mandates and regulations that increase
 17 costs for the private sector, hindering economic
 18 growth and employment opportunities; and

19 (4) Congress should develop a mechanism to en-
 20 sure that costs of mandates are considered during
 21 agencies' development of regulations and congres-
 22 sional deliberations on legislation.

SCON 63 PCS1S—2

SCON 63 PCS1S—3

SCON 63 PCS1S—4

SCON 63 PCS1S—5

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