

a declaration of war by the Congress⁴⁸⁰ is in effect.

§ 310(d)(4)

(4) For purposes of this section, the levels of budget outlays⁴⁸¹ and Federal revenues for a fiscal year shall be determined on the basis of estimates made by the Committee on the Budget⁴⁸² of the House of Representatives or of the Senate, as the case may be.

§ 310(d)(5)

(5) The Committee on Rules of the House of Representatives may make in order amendments to achieve changes specified by reconciliation directives contained in a concurrent resolution on the budget if a committee or committees of the House fail to submit recommended changes to its Committee on the Budget pursuant to its instruction.⁴⁸³

§ 310(e)

(e) PROCEDURE IN THE SENATE. —

§ 310(e)(1)

(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2),⁴⁸⁴ the provisions of section 305⁴⁸⁵ for the consideration in the Senate of concurrent resolutions on the budget and

⁴⁸⁰ The Constitution grants Congress the power "[t]o declare War." U.S. CONST. art. I, § 8, cl. 11.

Note also the provisions for the suspension of section 310(d) under certain circumstances after the declaration of war or a recession pursuant to section 258 of Gramm-Rudman-Hollings. See *infra* pp. 619-630.

⁴⁸¹ Section 3(1) defines "budget outlays." See *supra* p. 11.

⁴⁸² This subsection reflects the normal scorekeeping convention that Congress turns to its Budget Committees to assess the costs of legislation. See also section 201(g), *supra* p. 32; section 302(g), *supra* p. 105; section 311(c), *infra* p. 194; section 313(e), *infra* p. 228; and section 258B(h)(4) of Gramm-Rudman-Hollings, *infra* p. 650.

⁴⁸³ Compare the parallel sanctions for noncompliance in the Senate. See *supra* note 166.

⁴⁸⁴ See *infra* p. 173.

⁴⁸⁵ See *supra* pp. 120-142.